Single jacket dielectric fiber optic cable 48core dry core CABLE FIB OPT SM CFOA-SM-DD-S 48F

1. Cable Description

The Ultraviolet curable acrylic coated optical fiber. are positioned in a loose tube made of a high modulus plastic. The tubes are filled with water blocking yarn. The tube is wrapped with a layer of E-glass yarn. Between the eyarn a-glass yarn and the loose tube water-blocking material is applied to keep the cable compact and watertight. The cable is completed with a polyethylene (PE) sheath.

2.Application

The actual status of overhead power lines ,covers the general requirements of single jacket ADSS dielectric Cable for aerial or duct.

3. Characteristics

- · FRP central strength member
- · Tube with water blocking yarn
- \cdot Loose tube stranded
- \cdot PE sheath outdoor cable

E-glass yarn make cable more tensile and anti rodent



4.Cable construction details

Number of fiber	48core			
Moisture Barrier	Water blockir	ing system		
Loose tube and Filler elements		material	РВТ	
		diameter	Φ2.1mm+-0.15mm	
Central strength member		material	FRP	
		OD	Φ2.2mm+-0.15mm	
Strength member		material	E-glass yarn	
Outer sheath		material	PE	
		Thickiness	1.7±0.2mm	
		OD	10.5±0.5mm	

5. Fiber color

48 core						
Number of fiber per tube 12 cores	1	2	3	4	5	6
	Green	Yellow	White	Blue	Red	Violet
	7	8	9	10	11	12
	Brown	Pink	Black	Grey	Orange	Aqua
	1	2	3	4		
Tube colors	Green	Yellow	White	Blue		

6.Cable Mechanical characteristic

core	Cable diameter	weight	
48core	10.5±0.5mm	95±10kg/km	
Min Bending Radius(mm)	Long term	10D	
Min BendingRadius(mm)	Short term	20D	
Max. Tension N	Long term	1200	
Max. Tension N	short term	2500	
Max. Allowable Crush Load (N/100mm)	Long term	1500	
Max Allowable Crush Load (N/100mm)	short term	3000	
Operation temperature (°C)	-40+70		
Installation temperature (°C)	-15+60		
Storage temprature (°C)	-40+70		

7.Fiber characteristic G652D

Characteristic		Condition	Specified values	Units
Attenuation		≤0.34 ≤0.36 after		[dB/km]
		1550nm	≤0.20 ≤0.25 after cable	[dB/km]
		1383nm(after H₂-aging)	≤0.34	[dB/km]
		1625nm	≤0.24	[dB/km]
A.UC		1285-1330nm,in reference to 1310nm	≤0.03	[dB/km]
Attenuation vs.Wavelength Max.a difference		1525-1575nm,in reference to 1550nm	≤0.02	[dB/km]
		1285-1340nm	-3.5 to 3.5	[ps/(nm.km)]
Dispersio	n Coefficient	1550nm	≤18	[ps/(nm.km)]
		1625nm	≤22	[ps/(nm.km)]
Zero Dispersio	n Wavelength(λ_0)		1300-1324	[nm]
Zero Disper	sion Slope(S ₀)		≤0.092	[ps/(nm ² .km)]
Туріс	al Value		0.086	[ps/(nm ² .km)]
	Maximum Individual Fibre		≤0.1	ps∦km
PMD	Link Design Value		≤0.06	ps∜km
	Typical Value		0.04	ps//km
Cable Cutoff \	Wavelength (λcc)		≤1260	[nm]
Mode Field Diameter(MFD)		1310nm	8.7-9.5	[nm]
		1550nm	9.8-10.8	[nm]
Effective Group Index Refraction (N_{eff})		1310nm	1.466	
		1550nm	1.467	
Point Discontinuities		1310nm	≤0.05	[dB]
		1550nm	≤0.05	[dB]

Cladding Diameter			125.0±0.7	[µm]	
Cladding Non-	Circularity		≤1.0	[%]	
Coating Dia	ameter		235-250	[µm]	
Coating-Cladding Co	ncentricity Error		≤12.0	[µm]	
Coating Non-0	Circularity		≤6.0	[%]	
Core-Cladding Con	centricity Error		≤0.6	[µm]	
Curl(rad	ius)		≥4		
Environmental Characte	eristics	1310nm,1550nm&1625nm			
Temperature Deper Attenua	ndence Induced tion	-60℃ to +85℃	≤0.05	[dB/km]	
Temperature-Humidity Cycling Induced Attenuation		-10℃ to +85 ℃,98% RH	≤0.05	[dB/km]	
Water Immersion Dependence induced Attenuation		23℃,for 30 days	≤0.05	[dB/km]	
Damp Heat Dependence Induced Attenuation		85 $^\circ\!\!\mathrm{C}$ and 85% RH,for 30 days	≤0.05	[dB/km]	
Dry Heat	Aging	85 $^\circ\!\!\mathbb{C}$ for 30 days	≤0.05	[dB/km]	
Mechanical Specificat	ions				
			≥9.0	[N]	
Proof Test			≥1.0	[%]	
			≥100	[Kpsi]	
Macro-bend Induced Loss	100 Turns Around a Mandrel of 30mm Radius	1625nm	≤0.05	[dB]	
	100 Turns Around a Mandrel of 25mm Radius	1310nm and 1550nm	≤0.05	[dB]	
	1 Turn Around a Mandrel of 16mm Radius	1550nm	≤0.05	[dB]	
Coating Strip	Eorco	typical average force	1.5	[N]	
Coating Strip Force		peak force	1.3-8.9	[N]	
Dynamic Fatigue Parameter(n _d)			≥20		